

Повторити граматичний матеріал ( Present, Past, Future Indefinite; Present, Past, Future Continuous; Present, Past, Future Perfect) та виконати вправи письмово.

**Впр.1 Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова в одному з наступних часів: *Present, Past, Future Simple; Present, Past Continuous, Present, Past Perfect.***

1. You (to go) to the library tomorrow? — No, I already (to be) to the library this week. I (to be) there on Monday. As a rule, I (to go) to the library every Wednesday. But yesterday I (not to go) there, because I (not to read) the book. I (to read) it now. I (to go) to the library on Saturday if I (to finish) the book by that time. 2. As soon as I (to receive) a letter, I shall go to Moscow. 3. Yesterday I (to put) five apples into the vase. Where they (to be) now? — I (to eat) them. You (to bring) some more tomorrow? — Yes, if you (not to make) noise when granny (to sleep). 4. You ever (to be) to the Hermitage? 5. What Nick (to do) when you (to ring) him up yesterday? — He (to play) the piano. He (to tell) me that he already (to write) his composition. 6. Why she (to sleep) now? It (to be) too early. She never (to sleep) at this time.

**Впр.2 Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова в одному з наступних часів: *Present, Past, Future Simple; Present, Past Continuous; Present, Past Perfect.***

1. You (to go) for a walk with me? — I (to be) sorry, I can't. I (to do) my homework. I (not yet to write) the English exercise. If you (to wait) for me, I (to go) with you in half an hour. I (to want) to go for a walk very much, because I (not to go) for a walk yesterday. 2. Don't go to Nick's place now, he (to work). He (to finish) his homework at seven o'clock. If you (to come) after seven, he (to be) very glad. 3. Pete (to go) to the cinema? — Yes, I (to think) so. He usually (to play) in the yard at this time, and now he (not to be) there. 4. He (to read) a book at five o'clock yesterday.

5. Yesterday the children (to do) all their homework before mother (to come) home, and when she (to come), they (to play) with the cat. 6. I (to lose) my key when I (to play) in the yard yesterday. 7. Ring me up as soon as you (to come) home. 8. Where you usually (to take) books for reading?

**Впр.3 Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова в одному з наступних часів: *Present, Past, Future Simple; Present, Past Continuous; Present, Past Perfect.***

1. What you (to learn) for today? — I (to be) sorry, I (not to prepare) my lesson. I (to be) ill yesterday and (not to know) what to do. I (to prepare) my lesson tomorrow. — If you (not to prepare) your lesson tomorrow, you (to get) a bad mark. 2. What you (to do) at five o'clock yesterday? 3. Mike always (to do) his homework in the evening, but today he (to begin) doing it as soon as he comes from school, because his father (to promise) to take him to the theatre. 4. When Mary (to come) home, her brother (to read) the book which she (to bring) him two days before. 5. Autumn (to come). It (to be) November now. It (to get) colder, the days (to get) shorter. It often (to rain). Soon it (to be) very cold. 6. When I (to do) my homework yesterday, I quickly (to run) to the yard, because my friends (to wait) for me there. 7. We (to have) a good time last summer.

**Впр.4 Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова в одному з наступних часів: *Future Simple, Future Continuous* или *Future Perfect.***

1. I (to do) my homework tomorrow. 2. I (to do) my homework at six o'clock tomorrow. 3. I (to do) my homework by six o'clock tomorrow. 4. When I come home tomorrow, my family (to have) supper. 5. When you come to my place tomorrow, I (to read) your book. I (to do) my homework by the time you come. 6. Don't come to my place tomorrow. I (to write) a composition the whole evening. 7. I (not to go) to the cinema tomorrow. I (to watch) TV the whole evening. 8. What you (to do) tomorrow? 9. What you (to do) at eight o'clock tomorrow? 10. You (to play) volley-ball tomorrow? 11. You (to do) this work by next Sunday? 12. When you (to go) to see your friend next time? 13. How many pages you (to read) by five o'clock tomorrow? 14. Tomorrow I (to begin) doing my homework as soon as I come from school. I (to do) my homework from three till six. My father (to come) home at seven o'clock tomorrow. I (to do) all my homework by the time he comes, and we (to go) for a walk together.

## READING

1. Read and translate the text, for questions 1-4, choose the best answer, A,B,C or D.

### TEAM WORK AND COLLABORATION

Teams are formed when individuals with a common taste, preference, liking or attitude come and work together for a common goal. Teams play a very important role in organizations, as well as in our personal lives.

A famous American businessman and billionaire once said ,”Coming together is a beginning. Keeping together is progress. Working together is success.”This saying also proves the importance of working together in a team.

There is a list of reasons why success depends on teamwork. To begin with, teamwork is much more efficient than individual one because each member of the team has his own abilities he is good at. As a result, these skills can be used effectively to get a good result. What is more, each member of the team can take some positive experience from each other to develop personally.

Secondly, it takes less time to get some goal if a group of people work together. What is more, the more people there are, the more suggestions they may have that will help to succeed.

Thirdly, there are challenges each day and staff members of a team can support each other, they can rely on each other and trust each other. Besides, there is a *healthy competition* between the members that benefits the whole team.

Last but not least, teamwork makes work fun. Studies have shown that laughter and fun reduces stress. With no doubt, a team that enjoys working together can accomplish great things again and again.

Summarizing, cooperation with people is not always easy and it doesn't matter who you are dealing with: a difficult teacher, director or classmate. The main strategies are the following: to discuss more than argue; to listen more than hear; to be flexible and to accept mistakes and learn from them. All these things will help you to become a cooperative and successful member of the team.

- 1) The author of the quote means:
  - a) being together is the secret of efficient work;
  - b) being a part of the team is honorable;
  - c) sorting out things together is the key to the good result;
  - d) the bigger the team, the more successful it is.
  
- 2) According to the third paragraph:
  - a) a member of the team shouldn't stand out;
  - b) sharing own thoughts is valuable in team work;
  - c) it's recommended to keep to one point of view;
  - d) team work is as efficient as individual one.

- 3) The term *healthy competition* in the fifth paragraph means:
- a) members of the team should be healthy to get to their aim;
  - b) dealing with colleagues you should try to become the winner;
  - c) moving forward you don't care about other people's feelings;
  - d) your competitive mood doesn't interfere with the interests of people around you.

- 4) Which of the following **is not true** according to the text:
- a) you don't mind cooperation dealing with your close people;
  - b) getting on well increases efficiency of the team;
  - c) different ideas and thoughts are welcomed in a good team;
  - d) cooperation may be a real challenge.

**2. Fill in the words from the list, then make sentences using the completed phrases.**

*reduce, positive, accept, common, accomplish, less, healthy*

- 1) ..... *time*
- 2) ..... *things*
- 3) ..... *experience*
- 4) ..... *goal*
- 5) ..... *competition*
- 6) ..... *mistake*
- 7) ..... *stress*