

Завдання для самостійного опрацювання

1. Вивчіть слова з теми «Choosing a career» (додаток 1).
2. Прочитайте правила утворення Second Conditional (додаток 2), виконайте Task 1 - Task 4 (додаток 3).
3. Прочитайте та перекладіть список професій (додаток 4), виконайте Task 2 (додаток 5).
4. Виконайте Exercise 7-9 (додаток 6).

Виконані завдання надсилаємо на електронну адресу: ms.podolskii@gmail.com до 1.04.

Vocabulary

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| 1. ability | 1. здатність |
| 2. deadline | 2. кінцевий термін |
| 3. employer | 3. роботодавець |
| 4. employee | 4. працівник |
| 5. motivation | 5. мотивація |
| 6. opportunity | 6. можливість |
| 7. challenge | 7. виклик |
| 8. income | 8. дохід |
| 9. promotion | 9. просування (по роботі) |
| 10. position/ post | 10. посада |
| 11. line | 11. галузь |
| 12. job conditions | 12. умови роботи |
| 13. full-time job | 13. робота на повний робочий день |
| 14. part-time job | 14. неповна зайнятість |
| 15. well-paid job | 15. добре оплачувана робота |
| 16. working hours | 16. робочі години |
| 17. to achieve | 17. досягати |
| 18. to work overtime | 18. працювати понаднормово |
| 19. to work in shifts | 19. працювати позмінно |
| 20. to dismiss / to sack | 20. звільняти |
| 21. to quit | 21. звільнитися |
| 22. to influence | 22. впливати |
| 23. to require | 23. вимагати |
| 24. to possess | 24. володіти |
| 25. to cope with | 25. впоратися з |
| 26. to deal with | 26. мати справу з |
| 27. to earn/ to make money | 27. заробляти гроші |
| 28. to earn one's leaving/ to make a living | 28. заробляти на життя |
| 29. to do one's best | 29. робити якнайкраще |
| 30. to get a holiday pay/sick pay | 30. отримувати відпускні / лікарняні |
| 31. to suit | 31. пасувати/підходити |
| 32. to retire | 32. піти у відставку |
| 33. to resign | 33. подати у відставку |
| 34. suitable | 34. підходящий |
| 35. salary/ wages | 35. зарплата / заробітна плата |
| 36. according to | 36. згідно з |

Job Areas/Occupation

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| accounting/finance | облік / фінанси |
| agriculture | землеробство |
| information technology (IT) | інформаційні технології (ІТ) |
| law | закон |
| medicine | медицина |
| business | бізнес |
| the media | ЗМІ |
| real estate | нерухомість |

Professions

| | |
|---------------------|-------------|
| baker | пекар |
| butcher | м'ясник |
| freelancer | фрілансер |
| politician | політик |
| doctor | лікар |
| vet | ветеринар |
| nurse | медсестра |
| scientist | вчений |
| lawyer | юрист |
| lifeguard | рятувальник |
| journalist | журналіст |
| computer programmer | програміст |

Skills (навички)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| communication skills | комунікативні |
| computer skills | роботи з комп'ютером |
| driving | водіння |
| language skills | володіння мовою |
| organizational ability | організаційні |

Qualities (якості)

| | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| creative | креативний |
| communicative | комунікативний |
| flexible | гнучкий |
| initiative | ініціативний |
| tolerant | толерантний |
| responsible | відповідальний |
| patient | терплячий |
| careful | уважний/старанний |
| persuasive | переконливий |

Second Conditional

Про що говоримо?

В умовних речення другого типу ми говоримо про нереальні події в сьогоденні або про події в майбутньому з дуже низькою ймовірністю, а також про (майже нездійсненні) мрії, бажання, очікування. Українською це звучить приблизно так: «Якби ти дотримувався цієї умови, ти (міг) би ... (подія б наступила)».

Структура

У підрядній частині умовного речення такого типу використовується **Past Simple**, у головній – **Subjunctive Mood (would/could/might + bare infinitive)**

БУДЬТЕ УВАЖНИМИ! У підрядному реченні дієслово “to be” в минулому часі використовується тільки у множині – “were”, а не “was”, навіть тоді коли підмет у нас в однині.

If + Past Simple + would/could/might + bare infinitive

If I lived in Barcelona, I would have a good tan almost all year long.

If Natalie were more supportive, we would be best friends.

Крім цього, Second Conditional використовуються, щоб сказати, що б ми зробили або як би поводитися на місці іншої людини. Це можна перекласти українською, як «Якби я був тобою, я б...» або «На твоєму місці я б...»:

- **If I were you + I would**

If I were you, I would travel more

Також замість умовного способу в головній частині умовного речення можна використовувати модальні дієслова – could, should, might, must:

- **If + Past Simple + Modal Verb & Infinitive**

If I were more organized, I could earn more money.

If you were adult, you must work every week including Summer.

На цьому обов’язки Second Conditional не закінчуються. Ще ми використовуємо цей тип речення для того, щоб дати пораду.

- *I would never do this if I were you.* – Я б ніколи цього не зробив, якби був тобою.
- *If I were in a tricky situation, I would take this opportunity.* – Якби я потрапив в складну ситуацію, я б скористався цією можливістю.

Second conditionals exercises.

Task 1. Choose the correct answer.

1. If his nose were smaller, he _____ very handsome.
a) would be
b) was
2. I would come if I _____ a car.
a) would have
b) had
3. If she _____, she would tell him.
a) knows
b) knew
4. If his parents didn't give him money, he _____ so much.
a) wouldn't go out
b) didn't go out
5. If she _____ me, she would have told me.
a) didn't believe
b) wouldn't believe
6. He wouldn't say that if he _____ it.
a) wouldn't mean
b) didn't mean
7. I _____ on a trip around the world if I won the lottery.
a) would go
b) will go
8. I _____ that if I were you.
a) will not do
b) would not do
9. If these walls _____ thicker, we wouldn't hear the neighbors.
a) would be
b) were
10. If I were a millionaire, _____ a mansion.
a) I'd buy

b) I'm going to buy

Task 2. Complete the following sentences with the words in brackets.

1. What would you do if you suddenly (win) _____ half a million pounds?
2. If he (get up) _____ up earlier, he'd get to work on time.
3. If we (have) _____ more time, I could tell you more about it.
4. If you (sell) _____ more products, you'd earn more money.
5. I could help you if you (trust) _____ me more.
6. His car would be a lot safer if he (buy) _____ some new tires.
7. The children could be better swimmers if they (go) _____ swimming more frequently.
8. I wouldn't mind having children if we (live) _____ in the country.
9. If I (be) _____ you, I wouldn't worry about going to university.
10. If I (have) _____ any money, I'd give you some.
11. Your parents (be) _____ a lot happier if you phoned them more often.

Task 3. Complete the following sentences with the words in brackets.

1. If I _____ (to come) home earlier, I _____ (to prepare) dinner.
2. If we _____ (to live) in Rome, Francesco _____ (to visit) us.
3. If Tim and Tom _____ (to be) older, they _____ (to play) in our hockey team.
4. If he _____ (to be) my friend, I _____ (to invite) him to my birthday part
5. If Susan _____ (to study) harder, she _____ (to be) better at school.
6. If they _____ (to have) enough money, they _____ (to buy) a new car.
7. If you _____ (to do) a paper round, you _____ (to earn) a little extra money.
8. If Mike _____ (to get) more pocket money, he _____ (to ask) Doris out for dinner.
9. If we _____ (to win) the lottery, we _____ (to fly) to San Francisco.
10. If I _____ (to meet) Brad Pitt, I _____ (to ask) for his autograph.

Task 4. Complete the following sentences with the words in brackets.

1. If Joe _____ (be) here, he _____ (catch) some fish for supper.
2. It _____ (be) nice if the rain _____ (stop)!
3. I _____ (sing) you a song if I _____ (have) my guitar.
4. If I _____ (have) a better sleeping bag, I _____ (not feel) so cold.
5. If this tent _____ (be) any smaller, one of us _____ (have to sleep) outside!
6. I _____ (look) out for bears if I _____ (be) you!
7. If I _____ (not be) so hungry, I _____ (share) my beans with you.

Task 2. Write down the job that you think is the best option for the next sentences :

To my mind

I think that....

the most high status job in my country is _____

the job with the longest hours in my country is _____

the most secure job in my country is _____

a job I think that I would hate is _____

a job I hope to do in the future is _____

A job that I wanted to do when I was a child is _____

A job that I think should be better paid is _____

A job that I would want a boyfriend or girlfriend to have is _____

A job that I particularly respect people for doing is _____

The strangest job that someone I know has is _____

The strangest job that I have ever heard about is _____

a job I wouldn't consider even if I was unemployed and couldn't find a job is _____

Ex. 7. Complete each sentence by using a word from the box

employ - employer - employee - unemployed - employment - unemployment

1. We are _____ a new interpreter from September 1.
2. He is _____ at present and is job hunting.
3. We were _____ to do some seasonal job.
4. My _____ wouldn't like me to be late.
5. Office _____ is called white-collar worker.
6. Being a housewife is full-time _____.
7. _____ is a major social problem.

What we are working for?

Have you ever asked yourself what you are working for? If you have ever had the time to consider this question, or put it to others, you might well have heard some or all of the following. It's the money of course, some say with a smile, as if explaining something to a small child. Or it's the satisfaction of a job well done, the sense of achievement behind the clinching of an important deal. It's the company of other people perhaps, but if that is the case, what about farmers? Is it the conversation in the farmyard that keeps them captivated by the job? Work is power and a sense of status say those who have either attained these elusive goals, or feel aggrieved that nobody has yet recognised their leadership qualities. I suspect, and I say this under my breath, that most of us work hoping for something to turn up. We'll win the pools, and tell the boss what we really think. We'll scrape together the money and open that little shop we always dreamed of, or go round the world, or spend more time in the garden. One day we'll get that promotion we deserve, but until then at least we have something to do. And we are so busy doing it that we won't have time to wonder why.

B. THE RIGHT ONE FOR THE JOB

Focus Vocabulary

| | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| ambitious | enthusiastic | qualified |
| ambition | generous | reliable |
| bored | honest | responsible |
| boring | ignorant | receptive (to new ideas) |
| committed | incompetent | self-confident |
| considerate | indifferent | self-confidence |
| cruel | just | self-important |
| efficient | motivated | skilled |
| expert | punctual | tactful |
| experienced | patient | unfair |

When planning your lifetime career you have to consider two aspects:

First, what career will suit you and give you satisfaction

Second, if you are the right person for this career.

Ex. 8. Choose the best variant.

Choosing a Job

One of the most difficult decisions is choosing what to do for a/- (1) **work / living**. For example, do you want to follow a definite (2) **business / career**, and (3) earn /gain a/- low (4) **salary / money** at the beginning, but have good (5) **perspectives / prospects** in a company that trains its

(6) *employers / staff*? Or are you more interested in taking any kind of work, because you need a/an (7) *income / money*? You may have to (8) *come up with / face up* to the fact that a good (9) *work / job* can be difficult to find. In that case, why not take a (10) *temporary / short* one? You will gain some useful (11) *experiences / experience*. Remember that even if you have the right (12) *qualifications / degrees*, you may have to (13) *turn down / fill in* lots of application forms before you are asked to (14) *attend / make* an interview. But don't worry if you don't know what you want to (15) *work / do exactly*. You'll enjoy finding out!

Ex. 9. *What are the most important factors for you in choosing or keeping a job? Put the following factors in order of importance and then compare your list with that of your partner's.*

- good salary or wages
- interesting and varied work, not boring and monotonous
- work which is useful to society
- good working conditions
- flexible hours
- opportunities to meet people
- friendly considerate management and colleagues
- opportunities to travel
- long holidays
- job security
- good career prospects
- bossing people
- dealing with children
- responsibility of your own
- working with nice people
- getting on with your boss
- the chance of promotion
- another factor - what?